



COURSE CONTENT – ITALIAN LEVEL 4

A

TOPIC	LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS	LANGUAGE STRUCTURES
Healthy Eating	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giving advice • Expressing needs • Discussing food and eating habits • Expressing opinions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usage of imperative mood with <i>tu</i>: <i>Mangia meno dolci!</i> • Negative imperative usage with <i>tu</i>: <i>Non mangiare troppi dolci!</i> • Positioning of pronouns with imperative (<i>tu</i> form): <i>Il libro portalo a Caterina!</i> • Usage of verb <i>servire</i>: <i>Non ti serve a niente saltare i pasti.</i>
Healthy Body and Mind	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussing health problems • Describing symptoms • Giving advice on health matters • Asking about physical fitness and expressing one's opinion on it 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usage of imperative mood (<i>Lei</i> and <i>voi</i> forms): <i>Prenda un'aspirina! Scegliete lo sport adatto!</i> • Negative imperative usage (<i>Lei</i> and <i>voi</i> forms): <i>Non esageri! Non esagerate!</i> • Positioning of pronouns with imperative (<i>lei</i> form): <i>Non lo mangi!</i> • Comparatives and superlatives of <i>buono</i> and <i>bene</i>: <i>buono-migliore-ottimo; bene-meglio-benissimo</i>
At Work	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussing the future • Expressing desire and intention • Writing a job application letter • Discussing work conditions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forms and usage of future tense: <i>Che cosa farai dopo il diploma?</i> • Usage of verb <i>bisogna</i>: <i>Oggi bisogna essere flessibili.</i> • Verbs with object pronouns <i>la</i> and <i>le</i>: <i>La ringrazio; Le telefono domani.</i> • Usage of <i>se</i> + present or future tense to express a hypothetical situation: <i>Se non piove usciamo. Se partirai verrò con te.</i>

B

Perfect Match	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Asking forgiveness • Relating an experience or a story • Expressing interest in a conversation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usage of <i>mentre</i> and <i>durante</i> • Usage of <i>stare</i> + <i>infinito</i>: <i>Sto per uscire, puoi venire dopo?</i> • Present perfect of modal verbs: <i>Ho dovuto accompagnare Piero in ufficio.</i> • Usage of conjunctions: <i>però, quindi, perché, mentre, quando</i>
At Home	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describing a house • Expressing needs and wants • Presenting different sides of an issue • Making comparisons 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usage of the adjective <i>bello</i>: <i>un bel quartiere.</i> • Usage of the subjunctive mood to express an opinion as well as needs and wants: <i>Credo che.../ È necessario che...</i> • Forms of present tense of the subjunctive mood for verbs ending in <i>are, ere, ire</i> • Usage of comparative structures: <i>più</i> + <i>aggettivo</i> + <i>di/che</i>: <i>Elena è più alta di Stefania.</i>